1		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2		PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
3		
4	February 20,	<b>2021</b> - 1:35 p.m.
5	[Rei	mote Hearing conducted via Webex]
6	DF.	DE 20-124
7	KE.	VANGUARD GROUP, INC.: Request for a Limited Exemption
8		from Approval Requirements of RSA Section 374:33.
9		(Prehearing conference)
LO		
L1	PRESENT:	Chairwoman Dianne H. Martin, Presiding Cmsr. Kathryn M. Bailey
L2		omor. Raemryn m. Barrey
L3		Jody Carmody, Clerk Susan Gagne, PUC Remote Hearing Host
L 4	APPEARANCES:	Reptg. Vanguard Group, Inc.:
L 5		William S. Harwood, Esq. (Verrill Law) Katherine M. McDonough, Esq. (Verrill)
L 6		Judy Gaines Pauline Scalvino
L 7		Janine Korpics
L 8		Reptg. PUC Staff: Brian D. Buckley, Esq.
L 9		Jay Dudley, Electric Division
20		
21		
22	- · -	
23	Court Rep	orter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52
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## PROCEEDING

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CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: We're here this afternoon in Docket DE 20-124 for a prehearing conference regarding the Amended Petition filed by the Vanguard Group, Incorporated.

I need to make the necessary findings for a remote hearing today.

As Chairwoman of the Public Utilities
Commission, I find that due to the State of
Emergency declared by the Governor as a result of
the COVID-19 pandemic, and in accordance with the
Governor's Emergency Order Number 12, pursuant to
Executive Order 2020-04, this public body is
authorized to meet electronically. Please note
that there is no physical location to observe and
listen contemporaneously to this hearing, which
was authorized pursuant to the Governor's
Emergency Order.

However, in accordance with the Emergency Order, I am confirming that we are utilizing Webex for this electronic hearing. All members of the Commission have the ability to communicate contemporaneously during the hearing, and the public has access to contemporaneously

listen and, if necessary, participate.

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We previously gave notice to the public of the necessary information for accessing the hearing in the Order of Notice. If anyone has a problem during the hearing, please call (603) 271-2431. In the event the public is unable to access the hearing, the hearing will be adjourned and rescheduled.

Okay. We have to take a roll call attendance of the Commission. My name is Dianne Martin. I am the Chairwoman of the Public Utilities Commission. And I am alone.

Commissioner Bailey.

COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Good afternoon.

I'm Kathryn Bailey, Commissioner at the Public

Utilities Commission. And I am alone.

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. And let's take appearances now. For Vanguard, who do we have?

MR. HARWOOD: My name is William

Harwood, and I'm here with my colleague, Katie

McDonough, on behalf of Vanguard. And with me

from Vanguard are Judy Gaines, Pauline Scalvino,

and Janine Korpics, in case there are any

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         technical questions for them to answer.
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                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Thank you.
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         And Mr. Buckley, for Commission Staff.
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                   MR. BUCKLEY: Thank you, Madam Chair,
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         Commissioner Bailey. Good afternoon.
                   Brian Buckley, appearing on behalf of
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         Commission Staff. And with me today is Jay
         Dudley, Analyst with the Electric Division at the
         Commission.
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                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Thank you.
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         Does anyone else need to appear in this case?
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                    [No verbal response.]
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                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: All right. And do
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         we have any preliminary matters before we hear
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         initial positions from the parties? I think
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         you're on mute, Mr. Harwood.
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                   Mr. Harwood, we can't hear you for
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         some reason. It looks like you're on mute.
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                   MR. HARWOOD: I apologize. Is that
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         better?
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                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: That is.
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                   MR. HARWOOD: Ah. My apologies.
                                                      Ιt
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         must have gone -- are you inviting me to make an
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         opening statement?
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CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: If there are no preliminary matters, then, yes, you can go ahead and give your initial position on the case.

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MR. HARWOOD: Great. Thank you to the New Hampshire Commission, the Chair and the Commissioner, and the Staff.

Vanguard appreciates the time here this afternoon, and looks forward to working out to resolve this issue.

As a brief bit of background, Vanguard is one of the largest investing companies in the country, has hundreds of funds that are investing on a daily basis. From time to time, they invest in public utility stocks. And, from time to time, they include New Hampshire public utility stocks.

Recently, Vanguard has reviewed its situation, and come to the conclusion that it needed to review the rules for public utility commissions on how those rules might operate in its situation. It has reviewed change of control statutes throughout the country, and is in the process of reaching out to the various state commissions where the change of control statute

is sufficiently unclear about how it may affect Vanguard's operations.

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The New Hampshire change of control statute does create some issues for Vanguard, and it has come forward, in the spirit of a good corporate citizen, to reach out to the New Hampshire Commission to help it understand how best to interpret the New Hampshire rules, and how to allow the Vanguard operation to continue in compliance with those rules.

The filing raises a couple of basic questions. First, "is Vanguard a public utility holding company under the New Hampshire change of control statute?" That ought to be a fairly straightforward matter, but it complicated because there's a reference to a repealed federal law. We're not sure we are a public utility holding company, as that term is normally interpreted. And, if this Commission agrees, then that would be the end of the matter.

Even if we are a public utility holding company, there is a question of the aggregation of the funds. Vanguard treats each of the funds as stand-alone, independent entities. They are

not wholly owned subsidiaries of a common parent. They each stand alone and they each make investment decisions on their own. And each of the funds understands that, if it goes over 10 percent ownership of a New Hampshire utility, it must get the previous permission of the New Hampshire Commission.

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The problem comes when the funds when you add them all together exceed 10 percent, and that's where the problem arises. We don't think aggregation is needed, appropriate, or required under the statute. But, ultimately, that's the Commission's call, not ours.

And, finally, should the Commission decide that we're a public utility holding company, and should it decide that aggregation should occur among all the funds, then we would respectfully request that the limit be raised from 10 percent to 25 percent. Each fund will continue to be subject to the 10 percent rule that is in the change of control. But that number is -- will interfere with some of our normal operations, from time to time, if you add all the funds. We don't think there's any

realistic likelihood of the funds ever getting to 25 percent. So, we think that gives us the comfort. It also gives the New Hampshire Commission the comfort that we will not be exercising undue influence or control.

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We invest as a passive investor, not to control the management of any of the companies with which we invest. And, so, at the core, there isn't a control that was the original concern of the change of control statute. And, so, that is a further indication.

Most of the funds that we have are what are known as "index funds". And, essentially, every day they are adjusted to maintain a ratio of certain types of companies and certain companies. If a New Hampshire utility were in the index, then every day those Vanguard funds that are indexed to that New Hampshire utility would be buying and selling small shares of that utility to maintain the index consistent with what they had told the investors.

It is possible that, over time, the funds that are indexed could exceed the 10 percent. If we have to come to the New Hampshire

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Commission to get permission for daily trades in
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         securities, you can see the challenge and the
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         problem from an operational point.
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                    So, I'll stop there, and happy to let
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         Staff talk or to take questions. But the bottom
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         line is, we don't think we're a holding company.
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         And we would invite you to make that finding.
         don't think the funds need to be aggregated.
         But, if, out of an abundance of caution, you want
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         us to be subject to that, we would respectfully
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         request that the Commission find that it is in
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         the public interest for the funds together, when
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         aggregated, may go as high as 25 percent.
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                    Thank you for your time.
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                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN:
                                        Thank vou.
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         Commissioner Bailey, do you have questions?
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                   COMMISSIONER BAILEY:
                                          T do.
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         Harwood, can you point me to a statute that would
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         allow us to permit you to go to 25 percent, if we
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         decided that we had to consider your funds on an
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         aggregated basis?
                   MR. HARWOOD: Well, I think, if I look
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         at 374:33, your change of control statute, it
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         says that you may find acquisitions to be
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"lawful, proper, and in the public interest" and approve them. So, the question here is "Can you give us blanket approval to go up as high as 25 percent?"

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Certainly, if we were a company that was seeking to acquire one of your utilities, and was about to acquire the entire company 100 percent of the voting stock, we would come in and get permission.

What Vanguard is saying is, we're coming in, and can you give us permission to go up to as high as 25 percent, as we will not be able -- allowed to go one bit higher than that?

COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Okay. Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Harwood, can you elaborate a little bit more on what you said about the funds being "independent"?

MR. HARWOOD: Yes. I want to be clear that each of the funds is owned by the individual investors that invest in that fund. This is not a scheme in which there is one holding company on top of the funds that is in control of them. So, the funds are really independent and separate. The funds own Vanguard, the company that has

brought this Petition, and they provide a number of services to those funds. They assist them.

But, at the end of the day, the decisions about buying and selling securities are made within the fund.

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And, so, the question of aggregation is raised. I don't think it is justified here, because the funds are not in close collaboration. It is not as if the fund managers sit around and say "Let's all get together and buy 9 percent of a New Hampshire public utility. We won't have to go the PUC's permission. But we will effectively control as many 9 percent shares as we can."

That isn't the way that it is structured.

And I can tell you, as a outside indication of that, under the SEC rule, there are two kinds of filings for investors. There's 13(d) and 13(g). Vanguard -- one is for those who file -- who are not interested in controlling the target company, and the other is those who do want to control. Vanguard always files under the SEC rule of no control. And we would stipulate to the Commission that, as long -- that if you grant the relief requested, we will continue to

file under the non-control SEC. And, if we should ever change that, we're prepared to come back and revisit this.

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I think that gives you a very careful and external way of policing the basic proposition that we don't invest for control. We are passive investors.

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: I just want to make sure I'm understanding you correctly. You said that the entity that filed this Petition is owned by all of the funds, but each of the funds is independent. Did I understand that right?

MR. HARWOOD: Yes. And I'm happy to have Pauline or Judy help me. I don't know whether they're owned by all of the funds or most of the funds.

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: And do they have a parent company?

MR. HARWOOD: No. That's the point.

That's the interesting thing. They are truly

mutual funds. The funds themselves are owned by

the individual investors. And then, the funds

own the Vanguard company that has brought this

Petition.

1 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. No, that 2. answers the question. 3 MR. HARWOOD: Vanguard -- the Vanguard 4 Group, Inc. 5 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Your reference to 6 the -- the reference in the statute to "federal 7 law". So, is your concern really with the 8 requirement of the federal law, and that that might cause these to be considered public utility 9 10 holding companies? 11 MR. HARWOOD: Yes, Your Honor. 12 statute says you regulate two kinds of entities 1.3 under this statute: Public utilities and public 14 utility holding companies. Clearly, Vanguard 15 isn't a public utility under New Hampshire law. 16 So, the only question is, "is it a public utility 17 holding company?" And the reference in the 18 statute is to what us utility lawyers refer to as 19 "PUHCA", the 1935 Act, which gave the U.S. 20 Securities & Exchange Commission authority over 21 public utility holding companies, and some of the 2.2 issues that were arising back in the 1930s. 23 The problem for the New Hampshire

statute is Congress, in its wisdom, repealed

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PUHCA back in 2005. So, --
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                    (Inadvertent audio interruption.)
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                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Just a moment.
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         Let's go off the record for a minute.
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                    [Brief off-the-record discussion
                    ensued. 1
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                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Patnaude, if we
         could go back on the record. And I apologize,
         Mr. Harwood, if you could back up a moment. And
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         you're on mute now.
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                                  Thank you, Your Honor.
                    MR. HARWOOD:
         You've moved to the center of the screen from
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         down in the lower corner, so that it looks like
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         it's more the way it was intended.
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                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: I have no control
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         over that.
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                    MR. HARWOOD: So, here's the problem.
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         The New Hampshire Legislature, in its wisdom,
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         made reference to the federal 1935 Act, and
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         Congress, in its wisdom, repealed the Act. And
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         this is one of those things where law students
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         write Law Review articles as to what is supposed
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         to happen, and there are a number of statutory
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         interpretation theories. The "public utility
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holding company" concept was moved over to FERC under Congress's 2005 Act. So, there is an animal called a "public utility holding company" still under FERC.

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Is that what the New Hampshire

Legislature meant back when it adopted its

change of control? Should we assume that?

Should we assume that there is no such thing as

a "public utility holding company" under New

Hampshire law?

We could debate that. The lawyers could analyze it. We're not interested in having any debate or issue. We're happy to interpret — defer to your interpretation of that. And, if, in the end, you decide that Vanguard funds are public utility holding companies under New Hampshire law, we will accept that, and then ask for the appropriate relief in our Petition.

Now you're muted.

 $\label{eq:chairwoman martin: It's my turn.} % \begin{center} \be$ 

I missed the part where you said the year it was repealed. Can you just repeat that?

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                    MR. HARWOOD: I'm sorry, you missed the
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         part what?
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                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: You said the year
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         that it was repealed, the federal law.
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                    MR. HARWOOD: Oh.
                                       2005 it was
 6
         repealed.
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                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN:
                                        Okay.
                    MR. HARWOOD: It's in the -- there's a
 8
         lengthy footnote, Footnote 5, in our Petition,
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10
         which describes the Public Utility Holding
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         Company Act and the 2005 Act.
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                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Thank you
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         for that, Mr. Harwood.
                    Commissioner Bailey, do you have any
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         more questions before we go to Staff?
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                    (Commissioner Bailey indicating in the
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                    negative.)
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                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Mr. Buckley,
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         go ahead.
                                  Thank you, Madam Chair.
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                    MR. BUCKLEY:
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                    Staff is still evaluating the issues
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         presented in the instant Petition, and recommends
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         that the Commission withhold judgment at this
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         time on Vanguard's request for declaratory
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ruling, as well as Vanguard's request for a "public interest" finding pursuant to RSA 374:33, the provision of the New Hampshire Revised Statutes Annotated which covers merger and acquisition of New Hampshire public utilities and public utility holding companies.

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With respect to the requested declaratory ruling, RSA 374:33 requires

Commission approval before any public utility or public utility holding company may indirectly or directly acquire a more than 10 percent share of the stocks or bonds of any public utility or public utility holding company incorporated in New Hampshire.

Staff would suggest that the

Petitioners' type of ownership and degree of

control of any New Hampshire public utility debt

or equity interests do not appear to be the type

of ownership and control RSA 374:33 was intended

to require Commission approval of. Likewise,

Staff agrees that the Petitioners' are not

"public utilities", as defined by RSA 362:2.

But where this request gets a little more complicated, as suggested by learned counsel

for the Company, is in applying the portion of RSA 374:33 which actually defines the term "public utility holding company", which incorporates by reference Section 2(a)(7)(A) of the 1935 Public Utility Holding Company Act, which, in fact, defines the term "public utility holding company".

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Now, for some background, in 2005,

Congress saw fit to repeal and replace the 1935

law with a new, slightly less restrictive version

of the Act which allowed public utility holding

companies to acquire non-contiguous utilities,

which, amongst other factors, one might suggest

resulted in the substantial uptick in utility

mergers our industry has witnessed in the ensuing

decade and a half.

More relevant to our discussion today, however, the 2005 law also redefined the term "public utility holding company" to include certain exceptions identified at Page 4 of the supplemental Petition, in Footnote 5. Based on the facts and circumstances presented in the Petition, it appears the Petitioners may have a good case that their organizational model fits

within one of those exceptions. In fact, I believe that the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission has previously ruled in the Company's favor on that issue. However, the exceptions within the 2005 law, which appear most relevant to the Petitioners' circumstances, were not included in the 1935 law's definition of "public utility holding company".

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So, where does that leave us on the request for a declaratory order? We have a New Hampshire statute incorporating by reference a definition from a federal law that has been repealed and replaced by a successor statute. The definition and relevant exceptions within the 2005 Act would, in fact, lend themselves quite easily to granting of the Petitioners' request for a declaratory order, saving us all the time related to a full adjudicative proceeding on this issue. So, can we apply those — that definition and those exceptions here? Staff's initial research on the legal issues in the Petition suggest that that answer may be "no."

The relevant case law appears to suggest that the non-delegation doctrine, which I

believe is, in fact, cited in a footnote maybe of the Petition or supplemental Petition itself, is of particular relevance when a state law incorporates a reference to a federal law, essentially locking in the definition that existed in federal law at the time when the state law was adopted.

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For those who might be interested in the reasoning behind this understanding, Staff would point to a 2008 article in the Louisiana Law Review by F. Scott Boyd entitled "Looking Glass Law: Legislation by Reference in the States", as the most comprehensive authority on the matter it was able to locate.

Now, to be clear, we agree with the Petitioner that there may be some room to maneuver based on whether you aggregate or do not aggregate the various funds when applying the statute, but based on this and the understanding outlined above, Staff recommends that the Commission withhold a decision today on the Petition for a Declaratory Ruling, and looks forward to further exploring this issue in the technical session that follows this prehearing

1 conference. 2. Now, with respect to RSA 374:33's 3 "public interest" finding, we also suggest that 4 the technical session which follows this hearing 5 would enable Staff to better flesh out certain 6 facts related to the requested "public interest" 7 finding, and look forward to working with Vanguard and its counsel to that end. 8 9 Thank you. 10 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Thank you for that. 11 Commissioner Bailey, do you have questions? 12 (Commissioner Bailey indicating in the 1.3 negative.) CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. And I don't 14 15 have any more questions. I think you both did a 16 nice job of laying out the issue here. It's very 17 interesting. 18 And, so, do we have any other issues we need to cover before the technical session? 19 20 MR. BUCKLEY: I don't believe so. 2.1 MR. HARWOOD: All set here. 2.2 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Great. 23 Thank you, everyone, for your presentations. 24 we are adjourned for the day. Please stay on for

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          the technical session.
                     (Whereupon the prehearing conference
 2
                     was adjourned at 2:00 p.m., and a
 3
                     technical session was held thereafter.)
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